

US Constitution Test  
Study Guide

Answer the following

What are the six goals of the Preamble? What does each of them mean?

What does it mean to veto a bill? Who has this power?

The bill of rights, what it is and what does it guarantee?

What is the cabinet?

What is the power of judicial review?

What is an executive agreement?

What does it mean when congress overrides a bill?

What does the phrase due process mean?

What does it mean to impeach?

What are the term lengths for elected officials? (Senators, members of the house, judges, president, etc.)

Who takes over as president if he can no longer fulfill his duties?

What does the term ratification mean?

What does Article I of the Constitution address? Article II? Article III?

Who interprets, enforces, and creates the laws? (Three different branches)

What are some of the powers that the president has?

What are some powers that Congress has?

What is amendment 22 and why is it important?

How many Supreme Court Justices are there?

What is a search warrant?

What does the term republic mean?

How does a bill become a law? (Be complete)

What are the age and residency requirements to become a President?  
Senator? Member of the House? Federal Judge?

What amendments are the Civil War amendments, and why are they important?

What is the 19<sup>th</sup> amendment and what right did it guarantee to women?

What is the 18<sup>th</sup> amendment, and how does the 21<sup>st</sup> amendment relate to it?

Why is the 26<sup>th</sup> amendment important?

What does the term double jeopardy mean?

What are the three branches of government?

What system is used to elect the President of the United States, and how does it work?